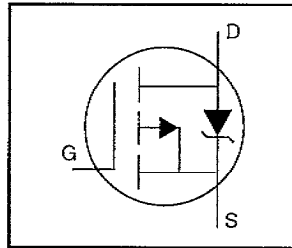


HEXFET® Power MOSFET

- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- Repetitive Avalanche Rated
- P-Channel
- Fast Switching
- Ease of Paralleling
- Simple Drive Requirements



$$V_{DSS} = -200V$$

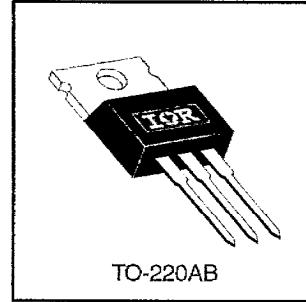
$$R_{DS(on)} = 0.80\Omega$$

$$I_D = -6.5A$$

**Description**

Third Generation HEXFETs from International Rectifier provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.

The TO-220 package is universally preferred for all commercial-industrial applications at power dissipation levels to approximately 50 watts. The low thermal resistance and low package cost of the TO-220 contribute to its wide acceptance throughout the industry.



DATA SHEETS

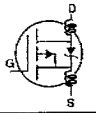
**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ -10 V$	-6.5	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ -10 V$	-4.0	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	-26	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	74	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.59	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	500	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ①	-6.4	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	7.4	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	-5.0	V/ns
$T_J$	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C
$T_{STG}$			
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10 lbf•in (1.1 N•m)	

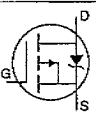
**Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	—	1.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	—	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	62	

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

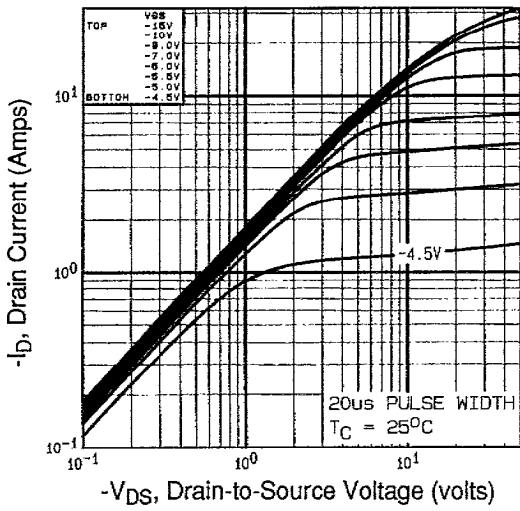
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-200	—	—	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=-250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	-0.24	—	$V/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D=-1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	0.80	$\Omega$	$V_{GS}=-10V, I_D=-3.9A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	-2.0	—	-4.0	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu A$
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	2.8	—	—	S	$V_{DS}=-50V, I_D=-3.9A$ ④
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	-100	$\mu A$	$V_{DS}=-200V, V_{GS}=0V$
		—	—	-500		$V_{DS}=-160V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS}=-20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	100		$V_{GS}=20V$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	—	29	nC	$I_D=-6.5A$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	5.4		$V_{DS}=-160V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	15		$V_{GS}=-10V$ See Fig. 6 and 13 ④
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	12	—	ns	$V_{DD}=-100V$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	27	—		$I_D=-6.5A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	28	—		$R_G=12\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	24	—		$R_D=15\Omega$ See Figure 10 ④
$L_D$	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact 
$L_S$	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	700	—	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	200	—		$V_{DS}=-25V$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	40	—		$f=1.0\text{MHz}$ See Figure 5

## Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

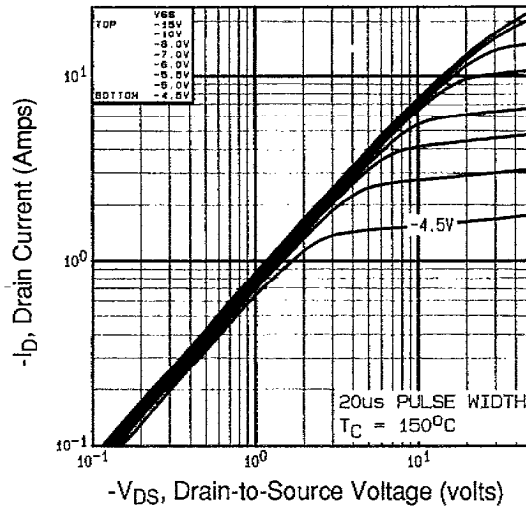
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	-6.5	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	-26		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	-6.5	V	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, I_S=-6.5A, V_{GS}=0V$ ④
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	200	300	ns	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, I_F=-6.5A$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	1.9	2.9	$\mu\text{C}$	$di/dt=100A/\mu\text{s}$ ④
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S+L_D$ )				

### Notes:

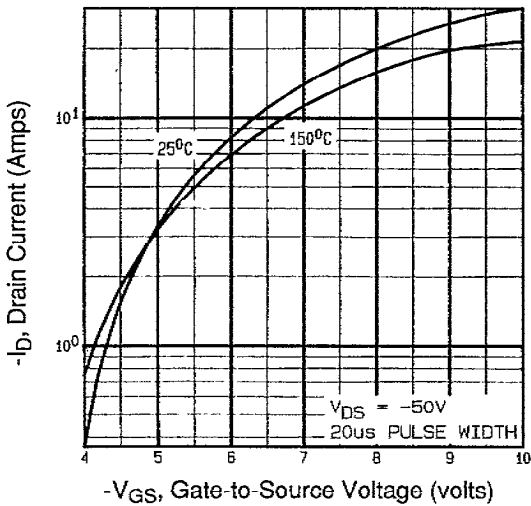
- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature (See Figure 11)
- ②  $V_{DD}=-50V$ , starting  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L=17\text{mH}$ ,  $R_G=25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS}=-6.5A$  (See Figure 12)
- ③  $I_{SD}\leq-6.5A$ ,  $di/dt\leq 120A/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD}\leq V_{(BR)DSS}$ ,  $T_J\leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .



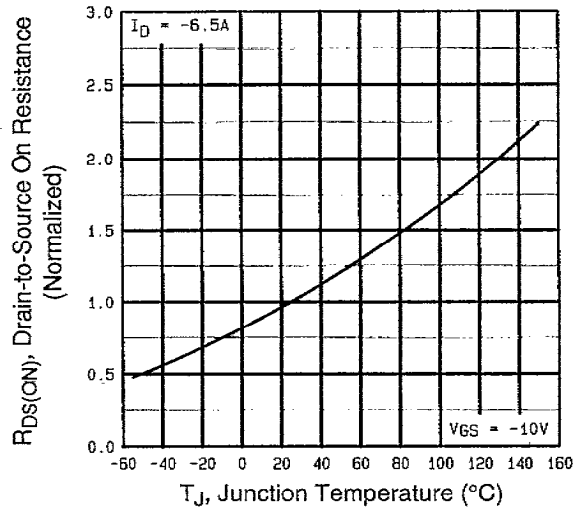
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$



**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_C=150^\circ\text{C}$



**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



**Fig 4.** Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

DATA SHEETS

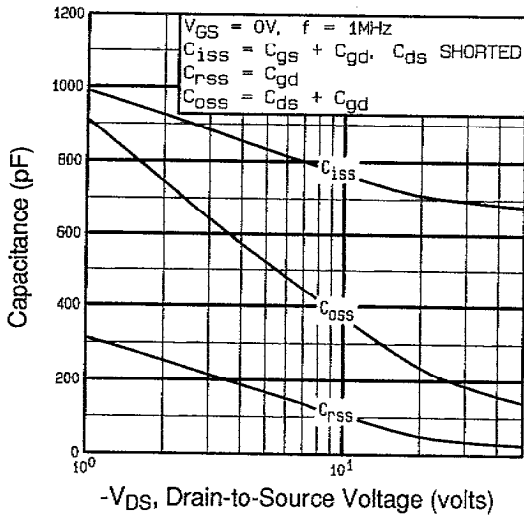


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

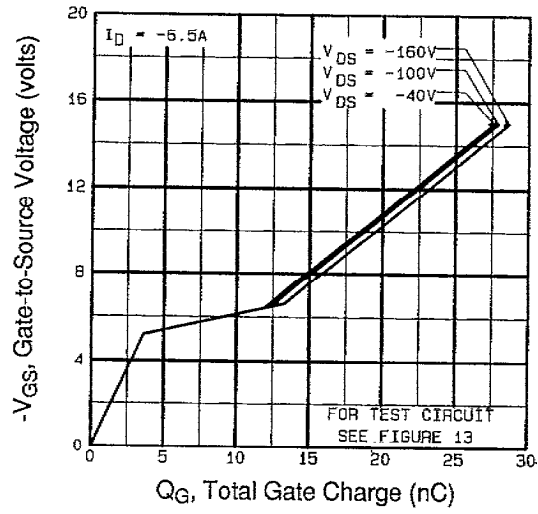


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

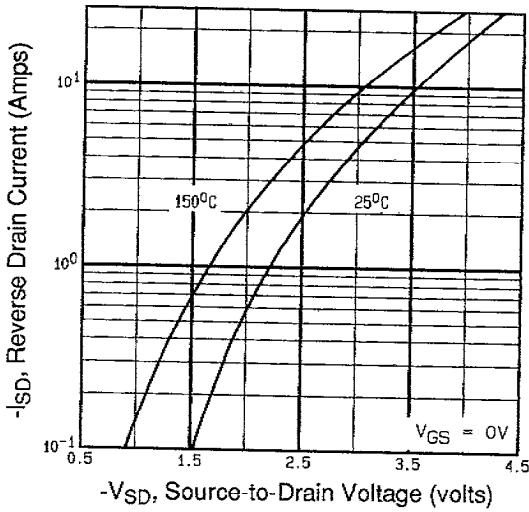


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

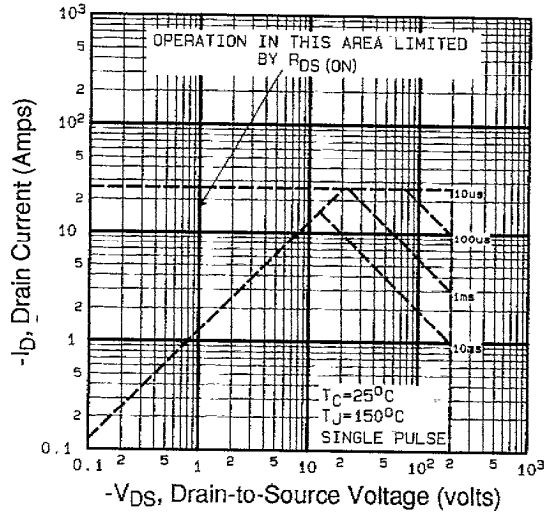


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

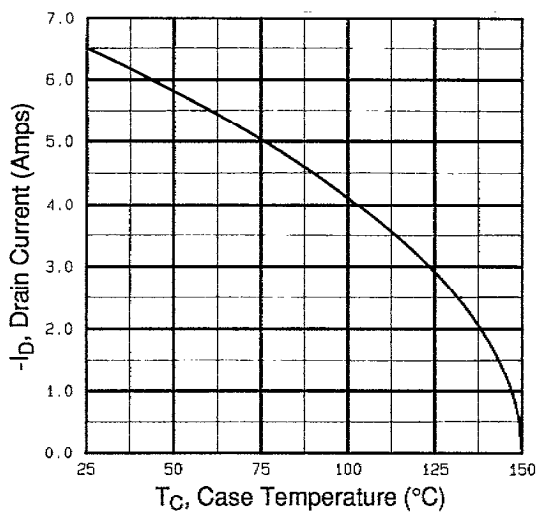


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

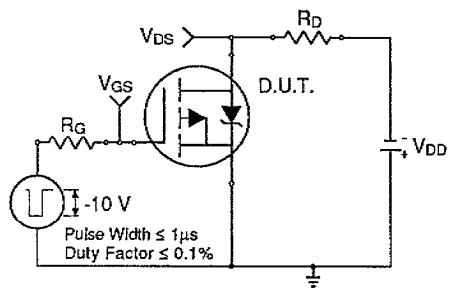


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

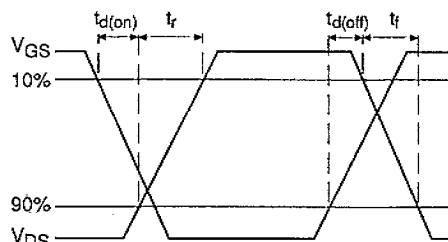


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

DATA SHEETS

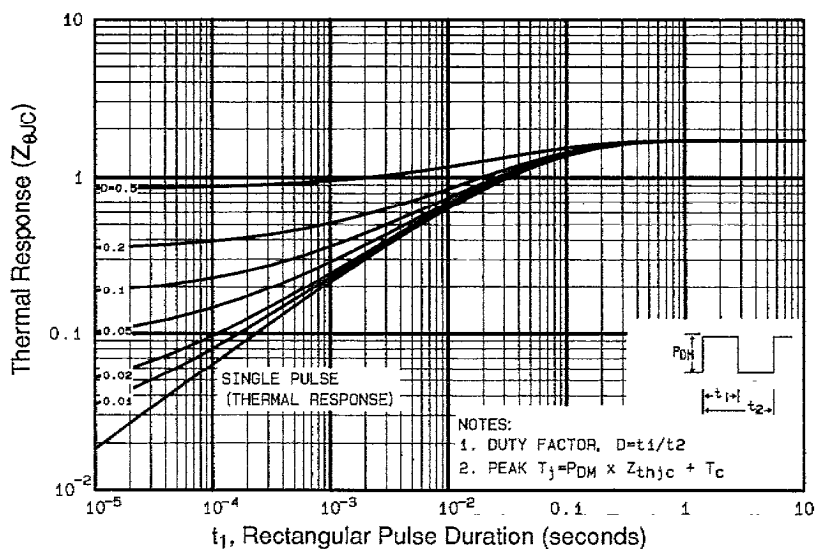


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

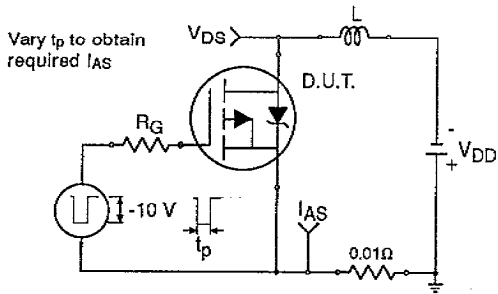


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

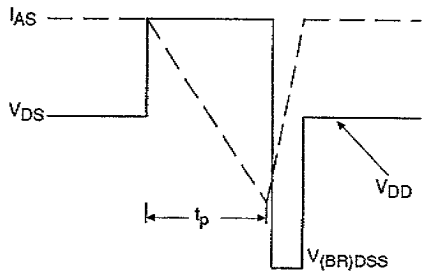


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

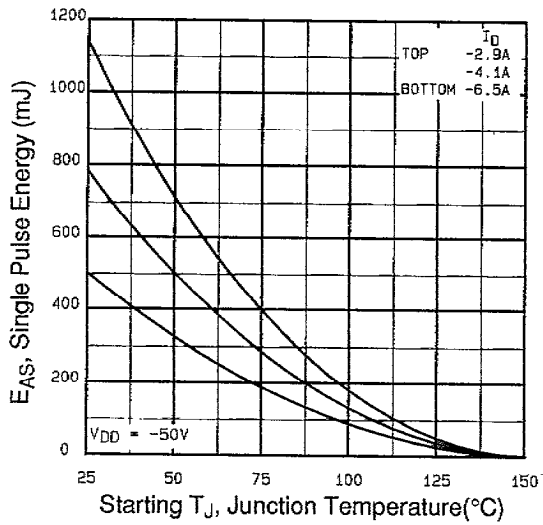


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

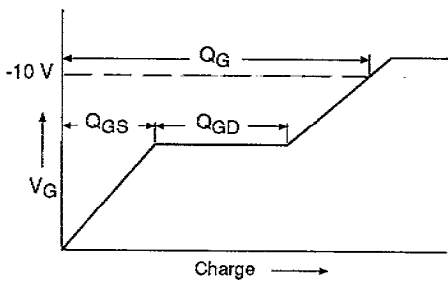


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

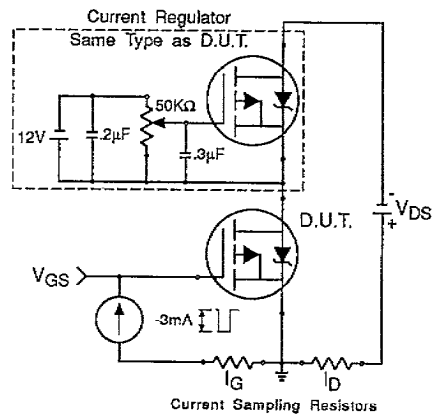


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

Appendix A: Figure 14, Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit – See page 1506

Appendix B: Package Outline Mechanical Drawing – See page 1509

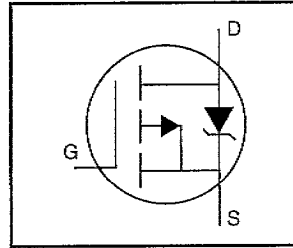
Appendix C: Part Marking Information – See page 1516

Appendix E: Optional Leadforms – See page 1525

**International**  
**IR Rectifier**

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

- Surface Mount
- Available in Tape & Reel
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- Repetitive Avalanche Rated
- P-Channel
- Fast Switching
- Ease of Paralleling

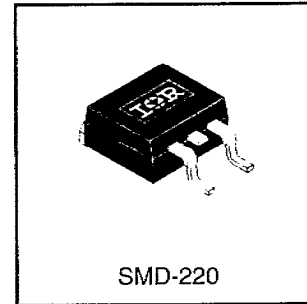


$V_{DSS} = -200V$
$R_{DS(on)} = 0.80\Omega$
$I_D = -6.5A$

**Description**

Third Generation HEXFETs from International Rectifier provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.

The SMD-220 is a surface mount power package capable of accommodating die sizes up to HEX-4. It provides the highest power capability and the lowest possible on-resistance in any existing surface mount package. The SMD-220 is suitable for high current applications because of its low internal connection resistance and can dissipate up to 2.0W in a typical surface mount application.



DATA SHEETS

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

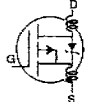
	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ -10 V$	-6.5	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ -10 V$	-4.0	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	-26	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	74	W
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation (PCB Mount)**	3.0	
	Linear Derating Factor	0.59	
	Linear Derating Factor (PCB Mount)**	0.025	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	500	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ①	-6.4	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	7.4	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	-5.0	V/ns
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	

**Thermal Resistance**

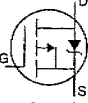
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	—	1.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount)**	—	—	40	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	62	

\*\* When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material).  
For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-200	—	—	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=-250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	-0.24	—	$V/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D=-1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	0.80	$\Omega$	$V_{GS}=-10V, I_D=-3.9A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	-2.0	—	-4.0	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu A$
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	2.8	—	—	S	$V_{DS}=-50V, I_D=-3.9A$ ④
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	-100	$\mu A$	$V_{DS}=-200V, V_{GS}=0V$
		—	—	-500		$V_{DS}=-160V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS}=-20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	100		$V_{GS}=20V$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	—	29	nC	$I_D=-6.5A$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	5.4		$V_{DS}=-160V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	15		$V_{GS}=-10V$ See Fig. 6 and 13 ④
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	12	—	ns	$V_{DD}=-100V$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	27	—		$I_D=-6.5A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	28	—		$R_G=12\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	24	—		$R_D=15\Omega$ See Figure 10 ④
$L_D$	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact 
$L_S$	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	700	—	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	200	—		$V_{DS}=-25V$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	40	—		$f=1.0\text{MHz}$ See Figure 5

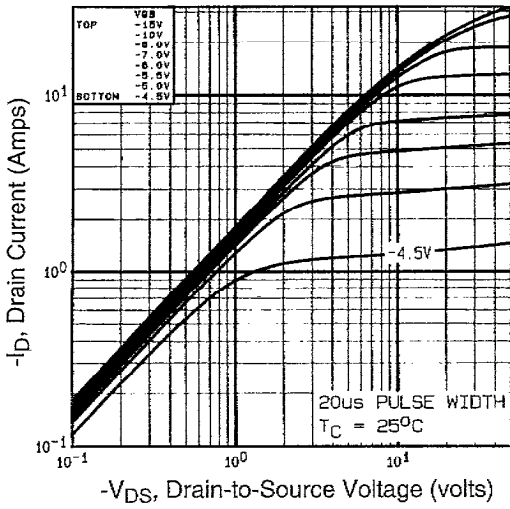
## Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	-6.5	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	-26		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	-6.5	V	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, I_S=-6.5A, V_{GS}=0V$ ④
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	200	300	ns	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, I_F=-6.5A$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	1.9	2.9	$\mu\text{C}$	$di/dt=100A/\mu\text{s}$ ④
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S+L_D$ )				

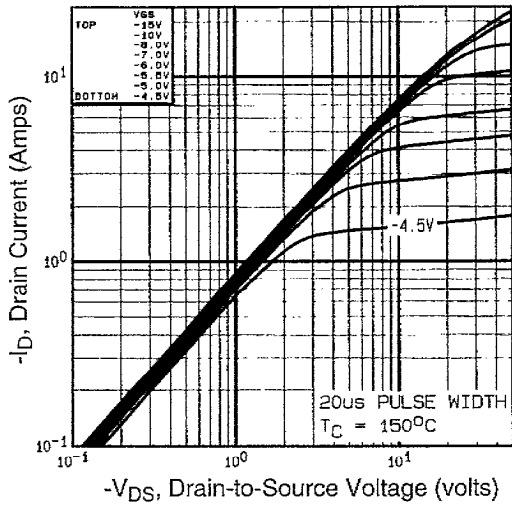
### Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature (See Figure 11)
- ②  $V_{DD}=-50V$ , starting  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L=17\text{mH}$ ,  $R_G=25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS}=-6.5A$  (See Figure 12)
- ③  $I_{SD}\leq-6.5A$ ,  $di/dt\leq 120A/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD}\leq V_{(BR)DSS}$ ,  $T_J\leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

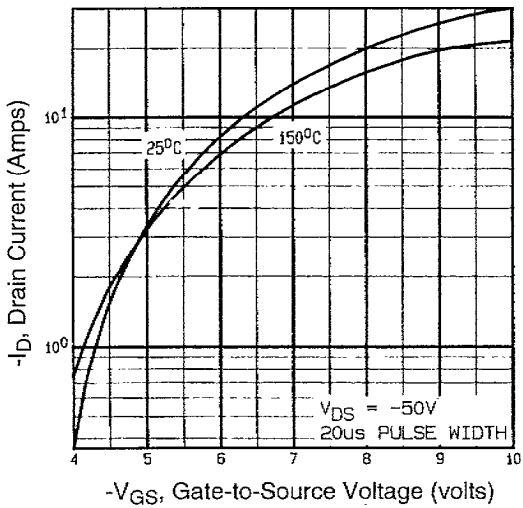




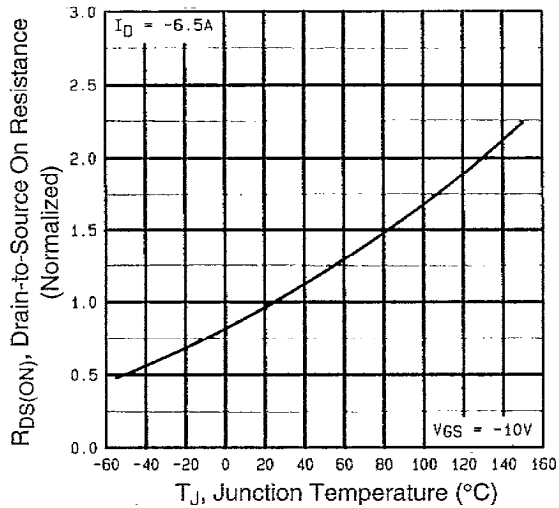
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$



**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_C=150^\circ\text{C}$



**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



**Fig 4.** Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

DATA SHEETS

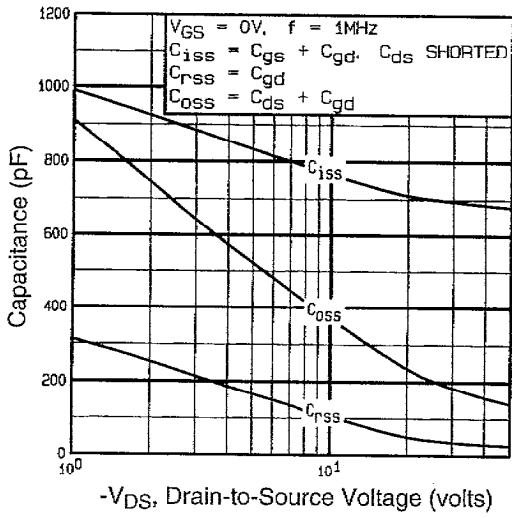


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

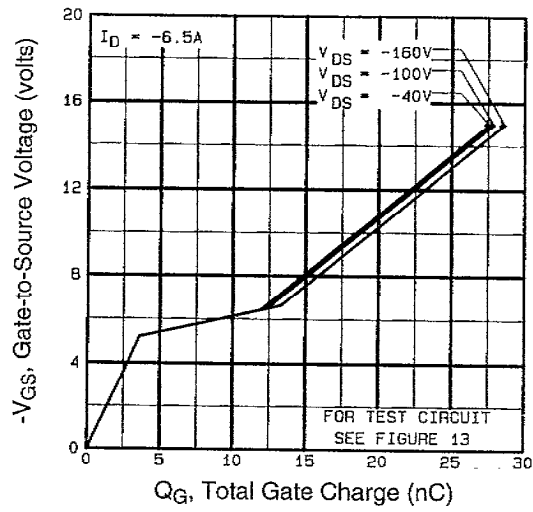


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

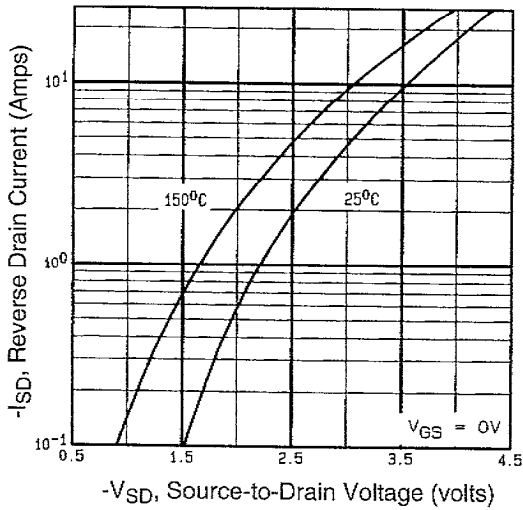


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

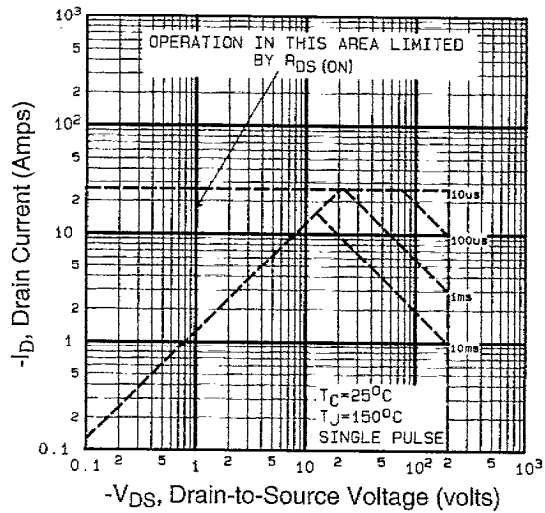
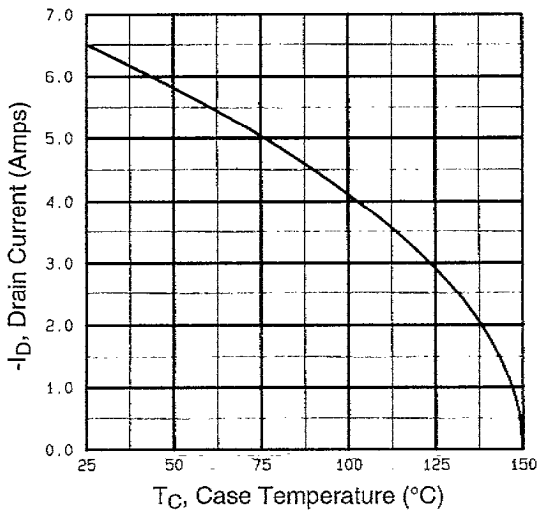
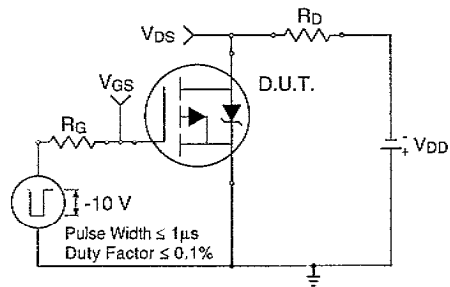


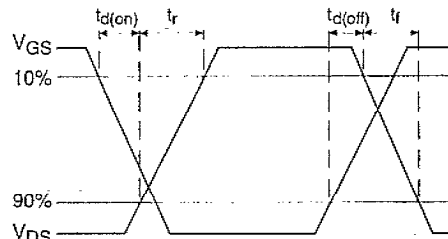
Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area



**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

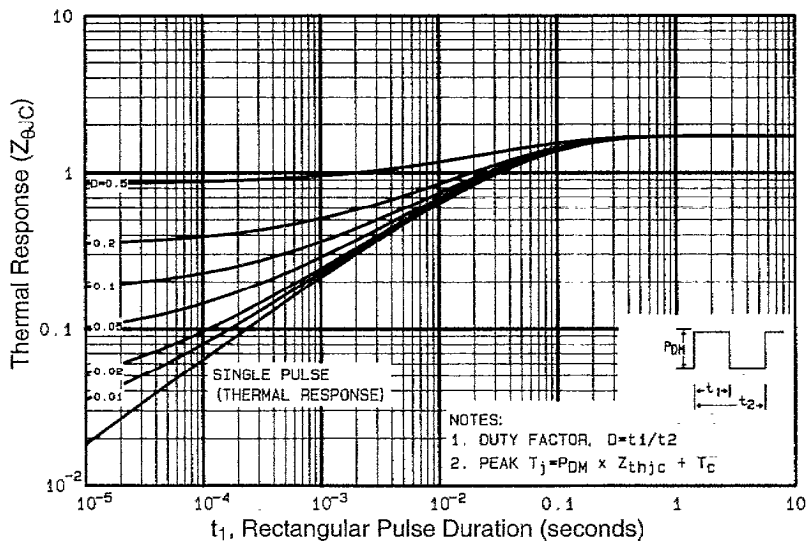


**Fig 10a.** Switching Time Test Circuit

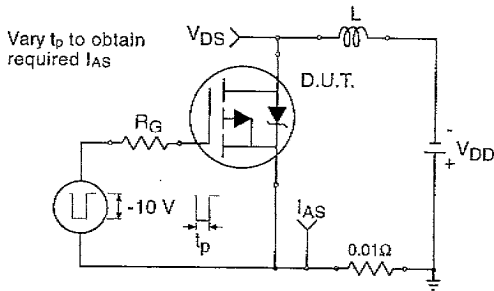


**Fig 10b.** Switching Time Waveforms

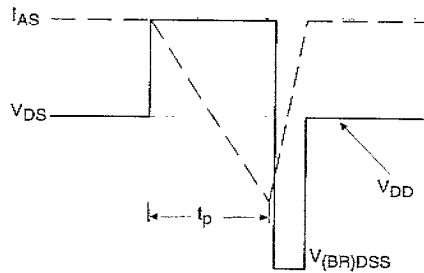
DATA SHEETS



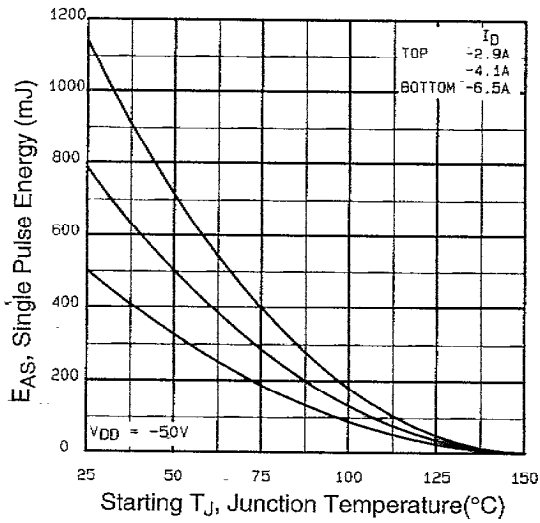
**Fig 11.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



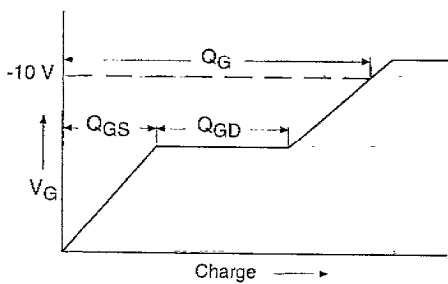
**Fig 12a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



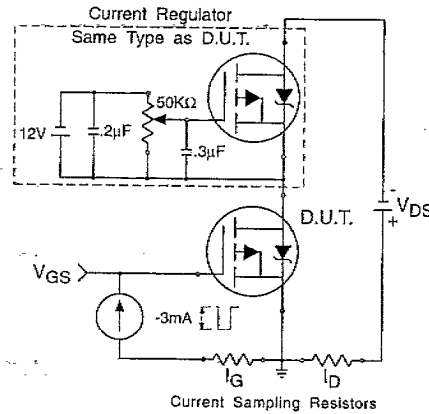
**Fig 12b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



**Fig 12c.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current



**Fig 13a.** Basic Gate Charge Waveform



**Fig 13b.** Gate Charge Test Circuit

**Appendix A:** Figure 14, Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit – See page 1506

**Appendix B:** Package Outline Mechanical Drawing – See page 1507

**Appendix C:** Part Marking Information – See page 1515

**Appendix D:** Tape & Reel Information – See page 1519

**International Rectifier**